Dear Editor,

We are writing this letter to request that I our manuscript entitled “**ABRIDGE: An ultra-compression software for SAM alignment files**” by Sagnik Banerjee et. Al. be reviewed and considered for publication in the journal Nucleic Acids Research Genomics and Bioinformatics.

Technological advancements in the field of sequencing have made genome wide studies affordable. The reduction of costs and increased access to sequencing facilities have led to a surge in genetic data. There are a several fields where sequencing RNA and/or DNA is crucial. Testing efficacy of novel drugs is often tracked by studying gene response. The emergence of hitherto unknown diseases and their mode of operation inside the human host is also studied from a molecular viewpoint. The accuracy of sequencing technologies to pin-point a locus of interest down to a single nucleotide precision has gained much appreciation and will hence continue as an established platform to study a wide variety of biosystems. Sequencing technologies produce read outs in the form of short sequences – ranging from 50 to 300 nucleotides. One of the very first steps is to align these data to a selected reference using software like STAR or HiSAT2. These software reports the alignments in SAM format that contains important information about the location and the nature of alignment. Newer sequencing platforms produce billions of reads that can help study lowly expressed genes but also raises space demands after alignment. Current approaches to compress SAM file focus more on offering quicker random access than on providing a high compression ratio. Also, most software seldom allows users the choice to discard specific quality scores. Therefore, a software is needed which can compress SAM files and allow users multitude of options for lossy compression.

We present, ABRIDGE, a state-of-the-art compressor for SAM files that achieves ultra-high compression while offering a wide variety of options for lossy compression. ABRIDGE aggregates reads mapping to the same location on the reference and retains only those nucleotides that deviate from the reference sequence resulting in a much smaller file. The software also employs techniques to store only the most relevant quality scores thereby reducing file sizes even more. We demonstrate the superiority of ABRIDGE by comparing it with other compressors. Our results prove that ABRIDGE can compress SAM alignment files achieving greater compression (more than 30% in some cases) than other contemporary software. The USDA-ARS model organism databases MaizeGDB and GrainGenes will provide long-term support to maintain both the source code and data sets from this study.

We hope you share our excitement for this study and find it suitable for review by the editors of Nucleic Acids Research Genomics and Bioinformatics. We strongly believe this is an important paper that will be utilized by the community to reduce space demands and facilitate data transfer.

Sincerely,

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